

÷

G

÷ = < 1/2

The weight of each exam in the final grade is as follows: lowest grade (10%), highest grade (40%), the remaining two (25% each).

Letter grades will be assigned as

Aug 27

p
Syl

Sachs, J. (2012). Government, Geography, and Growth: The True Drivers of Economic Development. *Foreign Affairs* 91(5): 142-150.

Oct 08 Dube, O., Vargas, J. (2013). Commodity Price Shocks and Civil Conflict: Evidence from Colombia. *Review of Economic Studies* 80: 1384-1421.

Oct 10 Robinson, J.A., Torvik, R., Verdier, T. (2006). Political foundations of the resource curse. *Journal of Development Economics* 79:447-468

Isham, J, Wobcock M, Pritchett L., and Busby G. (2005). The Varieties of Resource Experience: Natural Resource Export Structures and the Political Economy of Economic Growth. *The World Bank Economic Review* 19(2): 141-174

Oct 15 NO CLASS (Fall Break)

Oct 17 EXAM 2

÷ « G = ÷ .

Nov 19

Greif, A. (

ü

Are democracies better than autocracies at promoting economic development?

Why is redistribution higher in Europe when compared to the USA?

Is foreign aid the solution to the economic development gap in Africa?

Why do poor people often vote for Right-wing parties that support less taxes and less redistribution?

Does economic growth generate or reduce violent conflict?